



Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology

Research Report

2019-2020



The Royal
Melbourne Hospital
Foundation



Contents

1. **Our Mission**
2. **Department Research Highlights**
 - 2.1 Basic and Translational Science
 - 2.2 Clinical Trials
3. **Research Outcomes**
4. **Our Contributions**
5. **Collaborative Partnerships**
6. **Funding Sources**
7. **Future Research Directions**



Director's message

We are delighted to present you with The Royal Melbourne Hospital Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology inaugural biennial research report for the years 2019-2020. The RMH Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology has a long and fine history of fostering investigator driven clinical research and we are excited to present you a summary of our recent large research activities.

In this two year period the department was involved in ninety publications with a continued strong focus on the three endocrine clinical research pillars of diabetes, bone and mineral, and pituitary disorders. The research highlights include screening for type 1 diabetes with newer laboratory assay techniques and clinical risk systems; conducting RAPIDS, the largest cluster- randomised clinical trial of a diabetes model of care in non-critical care; treating obesity prior to conception to improve pregnancy outcomes for mothers; and developing finite element modelling to improve the estimation of bone stiffness.

Of concern, the epidemic of diabetes and other endocrine disease continues to cause major morbidity and mortality in our community, further exacerbated by the challenges of treating people with these endocrine conditions during the COVID-19 pandemic. Our department remains committed to understanding these disorders better, with a view to innovating treatment to improve real life outcomes for people. With this in mind, we remain invigorated in the pursuit of understanding and in our approach to Endocrinology research.

We would like to thank all our committed staff for their contributions, including senior department leaders, staff endocrinologists, registrars, junior hospital medical officers, dietitians and nurses dedicated to research. We also thank the RMH executive, the University of Melbourne, collaborating partners and institutes, funding bodies and generous philanthropists for their kind support of the RMH Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology's research endeavours. We will continue to seek greater investment into our research program with the steadfast aim of achieving a biologic and health economic return on investment.

Yours sincerely,

A/Prof Spiros Furlanos
Director, Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology

Our Mission

‘The Royal Melbourne Hospital Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology has a mission to provide individualised, state of the art healthcare for endocrine disorders, via our pursuit of research, education and training to maintain health and well-being.’

The medical expertise of the Royal Melbourne Hospital (RMH) Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology enables the delivery of world leading clinical care and research in a broad range of endocrine conditions, including diabetes, osteoporosis, obesity and pituitary disease. In a recent global survey of over 40 000 medical peers conducted by Newsweek and Statista, the clinical department was ranked the number one Endocrinology hospital department in Australia and 30th in the world.

The RMH Department of Endocrinology and Diabetes provides comprehensive acute and ambulatory clinical care for patients with a wide variety of acute and chronic endocrine disorders. We deliver expert diabetes

clinical care in many fields including inpatient diabetes, diabetic foot care, type 1 diabetes and type 2 diabetes. Ambulatory care services have a focus on the use of medical device technologies for diabetes including insulin pumps, continuous glucose monitoring and new subcutaneous insulin and non-insulin diabetes medications. Our endocrinology service also cares for people with other endocrine gland and hormone disorders involving the pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreatic islet glands, adrenal and sex glands, and also osteoporosis and metabolic bone disease.

We are dedicated to finding new and effective ways to manage endocrine diseases.



Research in the Department of Endocrinology and Diabetes

The Royal Melbourne Hospital Department of Endocrinology and Diabetes is strongly committed to improvement through research and innovation. We have shown that ongoing research and quality initiatives lead to tangible improvements in clinical outcomes.

Our clinical and laboratory research activities integrate basic, translational and health delivery clinical research with clinical services and education of patients. Through this commitment we have developed an infrastructure and support mechanisms for early career and established investigators. A strength of our research program is that we are able to integrate basic science, translational science, and clinical trials to achieve improved health outcomes for patients with endocrine disease.

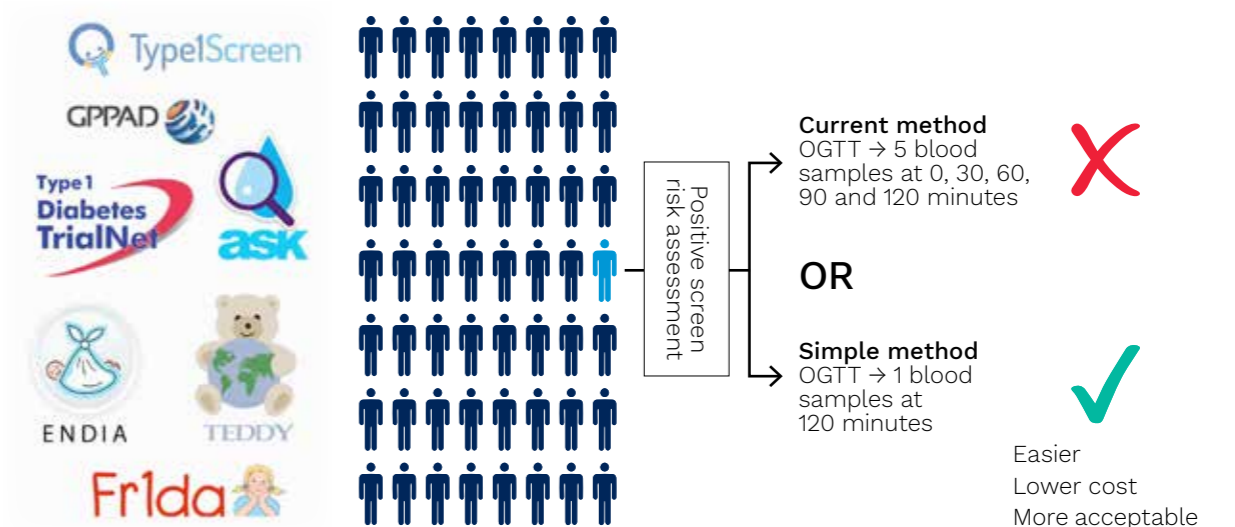
Research Highlights - Basic and Translational Science

Type 1 Diabetes Immunology

John Wentworth

The Department continues to run a research laboratory in pathology with oversight by Professor Peter Colman, A/Prof Cherie Chiang and A/Prof John Wentworth. This laboratory performs diabetes antibody assays for several national projects, including Type1Screen, TrialNet, Environmental Determinants of Islet Autoimmunity (ENDIA), the Baricitinib in New Onset Type 1 Diabetes (BANDIT) trial and the General Population Screening Pilot. The Endocrine Laboratory is the only internationally-accredited antibody facility in the southern hemisphere and continues to refine assays

Type 1 diabetes autoantibody screening programs



John Wentworth and Peter Colman have developed a simpler way to predict how quickly at-risk individuals will develop type 1 diabetes.

methods and introduce new formats, including an agglutination-PCR assay that will allow individuals to self-collect samples in the home and mail them to the laboratory for analysis.

The RMH was the lead clinical site for the BANDIT trial of baricitinib in recent-onset type 1 diabetes; with nearly two thirds of participants recruited since opening in November 2020 and we anticipate it will be fully recruited in early 2022.

The type 1 diabetes research group also recently completed a local study that demonstrated potential for the SGLT inhibitor class of drugs to preserve pancreas function in newly-diagnosed patients. This important finding paves the way for use of these drugs in combination with immune therapies to improve treatment outcomes.

John Wentworth has also recently reported analyses of TrialNet datasets that revealed simpler ways to assess type 1 diabetes risk and to monitor the effects of immune therapy. These innovations will improve the patient experience and decrease treatment costs.

Bones and Mineral Medicine

John D Wark

Finite element modelling: Improved estimation of bone stiffness and strength for clinical application

While dual energy Xray absorptiometry (DXA) can provide clinically-useful measurements of areal bone mineral density (aBMD) in the axial skeleton, there also is a need to reliably quantify bone deficits and loss of bone strength in the peripheral skeleton where fragility fractures are very common. Peripheral quantitative computed tomography (pQCT) may provide such a technique since it is able to measure trabecular and cortical volumetric bone mineral

density and bone geometry, hence allowing estimation of bone strength.

Our collaborative studies with biomedical engineers at the University of Melbourne, interested clinicians and Canadian scientists have allowed us to improve the predictive value of these techniques. PhD student Dr Hongyuan Jiang and postdoctoral fellow Dr Dale Robinson have made key contributions. We developed and validated a finite element analysis (FEA) technique to improve the estimation of resistance to fracture and bone stiffness in long bones using pQCT data (1,2). We also obtained pQCT-FEA data in multiple clinically-important settings where fracture risk is increased but DXA does not necessarily reflect the degree of bone fragility. These have included a cohort of low-trauma fracture patients (3), premenopausal women undergoing risk-reducing surgical menopause (4), and young women with type 1 diabetes, whose increased fracture risk is not well understood (5). Further studies are in progress. Based on this work, we envisage that pQCT-FEA is likely to become a valuable tool in the evaluation of bone fragility in a wide range of clinical settings.

REFERENCES

1. The application of finite element modelling based on clinical pQCT for classification of fracture status. Robinson DL, Jiang H, Song Q, Yates C, Lee PVS, Wark JD. *Biomechanics and Modeling in Mechanobiology*, 2018 Oct 6. doi: 10.1007/s10237-018-1079-7 [Epub]
2. Predicting experimentally-derived failure load at the distal radius using finite element modelling based on peripheral quantitative computed tomography cross sections (pQCT-FE): A validation study. Jiang H, Robinson DL, McDonald M, Lee PVS, Kontulainen SA, Johnston JD, Yates CJ, Wark JD. *BONE* 2019 Dec;129:115051. doi: 10.1016/j.bone.2019.115051. Epub 2019 Aug 28

3. Peripheral quantitative computed tomography (pQCT)-based finite element analysis provides enhanced diagnostic performance in identifying non-vertebral fracture patients compared with dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry. Jiang H, Robinson DL, Yates CJ, Lee PVS, Wark JD. *Osteoporosis International* 2020 Jan;31(1):141-151.
4. Loss of bone density and bone strength following premenopausal risk-reducing bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy: a prospective controlled study (WHAM Study). Jiang H, Robinson DL, Lee PVS, Krejany EO, Yates CJ, Hickey M*, Wark JD. *Osteoporosis International* 2021 Jan;32: 101-112
5. Bone Measures by Dual-Energy X-Ray Absorptiometry and Peripheral Quantitative Computed Tomography in Young Women With Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus. Jiang H, Robinson DL, Nankervis A, Garland SM, Callegari ET, Price S, Lee PVS, Wark JD. *Journal of Clinical Densitometry*. 2020 May 28;S1094-6950(20)30090-1. doi: 10.1016/j.jocd.2020.05.009

Research Highlights - Clinical Trials

We continue to conduct a range of clinical trials that address the treatment of diabetes and endocrine disorders that aim to ultimately improve the lives of millions of people with diabetes and endocrine disorders.

RAPIDS

Mervyn Kyi
Spiros Fourlanos

Studies within the wards of the RMH are examining the improvements in patient care with close monitoring of blood glucose levels, focusing on minimising patient length of stay and risk of infection.

Individuals with diabetes admitted to hospital are more likely to experience unstable glucose levels and related complications such as hospital-acquired infection and longer length of stay. Due to the rising prevalence of diabetes and evolving treatment regimens, optimal diabetes care in hospital is increasingly complex.

To improve the diabetes care in hospital, we developed an *early intervention* model of diabetes care delivered by specialist diabetes clinicians. This model comprised a *proactive inpatient diabetes team* (doctors and nurses specialising in hospital diabetes care), who provided expert management of all individuals with diabetes within 24 hours of admission to hospital. The team used a *networked blood glucose monitoring* system, technology which allowed the team to electronically monitor blood glucose levels, to identify individuals with diabetes and unstable glucose levels.

This early intervention model of care was assessed in the Randomised study of a Proactive Inpatient Diabetes Service (RAPIDS), which is to date, the largest cluster-randomised trial of hospital diabetes in non critical care. This trial recruited over 1000 consecutive individuals with diabetes admitted to one of eight wards over a six-month period. After a 3-month baseline period, the wards were randomised to receive either the early intervention model or usual care.

With the early intervention model most patients with diabetes (92%) had specialist management and more patients received insulin treatment. The early intervention decreased adverse glycaemia (episodes of unsafe hypoglycaemia or hyperglycaemia) by 24%, and decreased severe hyperglycaemia (patient-day with glucose >15 mmol/L) by 55%. Additionally, this intervention decreased hospital-acquired infections by 80%.

The RAPIDS study provides randomised-trial level evidence that early specialist management improves glucose levels and clinical outcomes, and has supported a paradigm shift in hospital diabetes care in Australia and globally. Locally, the outcomes of the RAPIDS study paved the way for the RMH to become the first Australian hospital to implement a hospital-wide networked glucose meter system in

2019, and to implement the first fully-integrated electronic medical record with networked glucose monitoring system in 2020. The inpatient diabetes service is now conducting an electronic-based early intervention randomised controlled trial, whilst providing state-of-the-art diabetes care at the RMH.

Treating obesity prior to conception

Sarah Price
Alison Nankervis

The prevalence of women of child-bearing age with obesity continues to rise at an alarming rate. This has significant implications for both the short-term and long-term health of mother and offspring.

In 2019 we published our systematic review of surgical and non-surgical weight loss options in Obesity Review (*Price et al. 2019*). We explored the impact of surgical and non-surgical weight loss tools on 'time to pregnancy' and pregnancy outcomes in women with obesity. It was evident that there were significant knowledge gaps in the current literature and no ideal tool for the management of obesity in women seeking pregnancy.

After publication of our trial protocol in the journal *Trials* in 2018 (*Price et al. 2018*), our randomized controlled trial of a very low energy diet vs standard dietary intervention in women with obesity has now been completed.

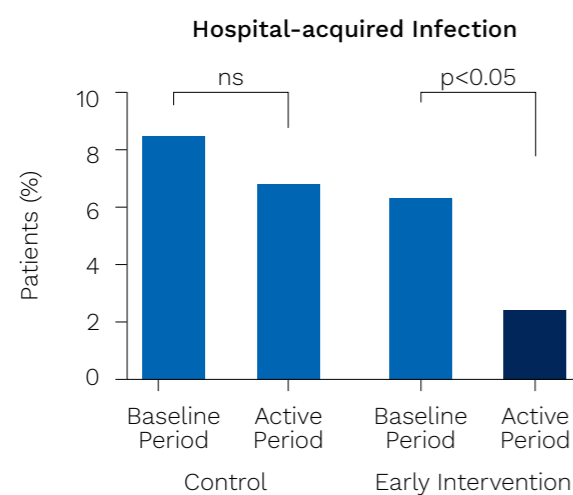
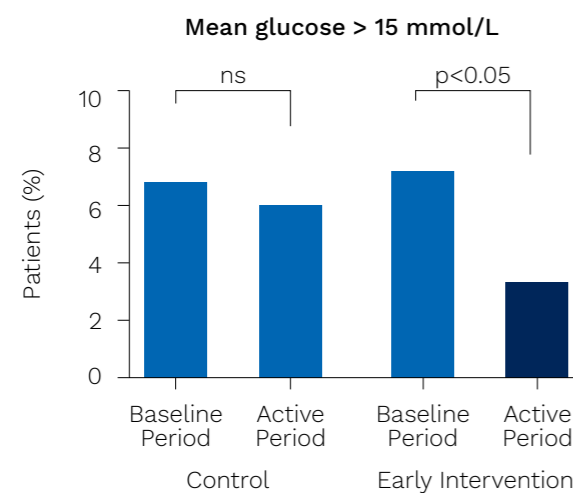
Our findings of time to pregnancy after preconception weight loss were published in the journal *Fertility and Sterility* (*Price et al. 2020*). Maternal weight loss at the end of the 12-week intervention was 3.1% in the standard dietary intervention group and 11.9% in the Very Low Energy Diet group. In completers of the 12-week intervention, time to pregnancy was significantly shorter in the women allocated to the VLED group than in the SDI group. Post hoc analysis showed that this difference in time

to conception was particularly overt within 90 days of the intervention.

Our pregnancy outcome data have been accepted for publication in the journal *Obesity* (*Price et al. 2021*). In completers of the weight loss intervention, a composite of adverse pregnancy outcomes was significantly lower in the VLED group ($p < 0.001$). However, there was no difference in fasting glucose at 26-28 weeks gestation and mechanistically it is

not well understood how weight loss improves pregnancy outcomes in women with obesity.

The results of our study have led to important questions regarding the mechanism of adverse pregnancy outcomes in women with obesity. A recently successful Diabetes Australia Research Program (DARP) grant will provide critical funding to explore changes in glucose metabolism in women with obesity during pregnancy.



■ Usual care
■ Early intervention

Mervyn Kyi, Spiros Fourlanos



Research Outcomes

Publications 2019-2020

Bone

1. Cheung AS, Lim HY, Cook T, Zwickl S, Ginger A, [Chiang C](#), et al. Approach to interpreting common laboratory pathology tests in transgender individuals. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab* December 2020, doi: 10.1210/clinem/dgaa546. Online ahead of print
2. Ponzano M, Rodrigues IB, Hosseini Z, Ashe MC, Butt DA, Chilibeck PD, Stapleton J, Thabane L, [Wark JD](#), Giangregorio LM. Progressive Resistance Training for Improving Health-Related Outcomes in People at Risk of Fracture: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. *PhysTher*, published online December, 2020
3. Antoine S, Glewis S, Alexander M, Lingaratnam MS, [Chiang C](#), Luetsch K. Cancer patients' perspectives on participating in a community pharmacy-based hyperglycaemia screening service - A qualitative exploration of enablers and barriers. *Res Social Adm Pharm*, December 2020, doi: 10.1016/j.sapharm.2020.05.023. Online ahead of print
4. Cheung JLY, Haikerwal A, [Wark JD](#), Irving L, Garland SM, Patton GC, Cheung MM, Doyle LW, and the Victorian Infant Collaborative Study Group. Cardiovascular health profile at age 25 years in adults born extremely preterm or extremely low birthweight. *Hypertension* 2020 Dec;76(6): 1838-1846
5. Subasinghe AK, Wark JD, Phillips S, Cornall A, Brotherton JML, Garland SM. Quadrivalent human papillomavirus vaccination successfully reduces the prevalence of vaccine-targeted genotypes in a young, vaccine-eligible-age sample of Australian females. *Sex Health* 2020 Dec;17(6):510-516
6. [Park Y-A](#), Subasinghe A, Shiek Ahmad B, Gorelik A, Garland SM, Clifford V, [Chiang C](#), Haikerwal A, Doyle LW, Patton G, [Wark JD](#), Garland SM, Burnett AC, Cheung JLY. Using Facebook to improve participation among 25-year-olds enrolled in a longitudinal preterm birth cohort study. *Acad Pediatr*, September-October 2020, 20(7): 1029-1036
7. Haikerwal A, Doyle LW, Patton G, Garland SM, Cheung MM, [Wark JD](#), Cheung JLY. Bone health in young adult survivors born extremely preterm or extremely low birthweight in the post surfactant era. *Bone*, September 2020, 115648; doi: 10.1016/j.bone.2020.115648. Online ahead of print
8. [Jiang H](#), Robinson DL, Lee PVS, Krejany EO, [Yates CJ](#), Hickey M, [Wark JD](#). Loss of bone density and bone strength following premenopausal risk-reducing bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy: a prospective controlled study (WHAM Study). *Osteoporos Int*, August 2020, doi: 10.1007/s00198-020-05608-5. Online ahead of print
9. Ponzano M, Gibbs JC, Adachi JD, Ashe MC, Cheung AM, Hill KD, Kendler D, Khan AA, McArthur C, Papaioannou A, Thabane L, [Wark JD](#), Giangregorio LM. Exploring fear of falling and exercise self-efficacy in older women with vertebral fractures. *J Aging Phys Act*, August 2020, 19:1-6
10. Hyde NK, Duckham RL, [Wark JD](#), Brennan-Olsen SL, Hosking SM, Holloway-Kew KL, Pasco JA. The association between muscle mass and strength in relation to bone measures in a paediatric population: sex specific effects. *Calcif Tissue Int*, August 2020, 107(2): 121-125
11. Robinson H, [Wark JD](#). Associations between serum sodium concentration and bone health measures in individuals who use antiepileptic drugs: A pilot study. *J Clin Densitom*, July-September 2020, 23(3): 364-372
12. [Jiang H](#), Robinson DL, [Nankervis A](#), Garland SM, Callegari ET, [Price S](#), Lee PVS, [Wark JD](#). Bone measures by dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry and peripheral quantitative computed tomography in young women with Type 1 diabetes mellitus. *J Clin Densitom*, May 2020, S1094-6950(20)30090-1
13. [Chiang C](#), [Wark J](#). Bone Fragility Fracture: A Diabetes Complication. *Diabetes Management Journal*, May 2020, 10-14
14. Cheung JLY, [Wark JD](#), Cheung MM, Irving L, Burnett AC, Lee KJ, Garland SM, Smallwood D, Patton GC, Haikerwal A, Doyle LW, on behalf of the Victorian Infant Collaborative Study Group. Impact of extreme prematurity or extreme low birth weight on young adult health and well-being: the Victorian Infant Collaborative Study (VICS) 1991-1992 Longitudinal Cohort study protocol. *BMJ Open*, May 2019, 9(5): e030345 Gibbs JC, McArthur C, [Wark JD](#), Thabane L, Scherer SC, Prasad S, Papaioannou A, Mittman N, Laprade J, Kim S, Khan A, Kendler DL, Hill KD, Cheung AM, Bleakney R, Ashe MC, Adachi JD, Giangregorio LM. The effects of home exercise in older women with vertebral fractures: A pilot randomized controlled trial. *Phys Ther*, April 2020, 100(4): 662-676
15. Haikerwal A, Doyle LW, Cheung MC, [Wark JD](#), Opie G, Roberts G, Patton G, Cheung JLY. High blood pressure in young adult survivors born extremely preterm of extremely low birthweight in the post surfactant era. *Hypertension*, January 2020, 75(1): 211-217
16. [Jiang H](#), Robinson DL, [Yates CJ](#), Lee PVS, [Wark JD](#). Peripheral quantitative computed tomography (pQCT)-based finite element analysis provides enhanced diagnostic performance in identifying non-vertebral fracture patients compared with dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry. *Osteoporos Int*, January 2020, 31(1): 141-151
17. [Jiang H](#), Robinson DL, McDonald M, Lee PVS, Kontulainen SA, Johnston JD, [Yates CJ](#), [Wark JD](#). Predicting experimentally-derived failure load at the distal radius using finite element modelling based on peripheral quantitative computed tomography cross-sections (pQCT-FE): A validation study. *Bone*, December 2019, 129: 115051
18. Murad A, Hyde N, Chang S, Lederman R, Bosua R, Pirotta M, Audehm R, [Yates CJ](#), Briggs AM, Gorelik A, [Chiang C](#), [Wark JD](#). Quantifying use of a health virtual community of practice for General Practitioners' continuing professional development: A novel methodology and pilot evaluation. *J Med Internet Res*, November 2019, 21(11): e14545
19. Hyde NK, Brennan-Olsen SL, Mohebbi M, [Wark JD](#), Hosking SM, Pasco JA. Maternal vitamin D in pregnancy and offspring bone measures in childhood: The Vitamin D in Pregnancy study. *Bone*, July 2019, 124:126-131
20. Ziebart C, Gibbs JC, McArthur C, Papaioannou A, Mittman N, Laprade J, Kim S, Khan A, Kendler DL, [Wark JD](#), Thabane L, Scherer

- SS, Prasad S, Hill KD, Cheung AM, Bleakney RR, Ashe MC, Adachi JD, Giangregorio LM. Are osteoporotic vertebral fractures or forward head posture associated with performance-based measures of balance and mobility? Arch Osteoporos, June 2019, 14(1): 67
21. Ebeling PR, Seeman E, [Chiang C](#), Cooper M, Diamond T, Duque G, Eisman JA, Ganda K, Jesudason, Jones G, Major G, Marabani M, March L, Prince RL, Seibel MJ, Stuckey B, Sztal-Mazer S, Stanton S and White C. Position Statement on the Management of Osteoporosis: Published 28 June 2019, Osteoporosis Australia
 22. Anevska K, Mahizir D, Briffa JF, Jefferies AJ, [Wark JD](#), Grills BL, Brady RD, McDonald SJ, Wlodek ME, Romano T. Treadmill exercise before and during pregnancy improves bone deficits in pregnancy growth restricted rats without the exacerbated effects of high fat diet. Nutrients, May 2019, 11(6): 1236
 23. Anevska K, [Wark JD](#), Wlodek ME, Romano T. The transgenerational effect of maternal and paternal F1 low birth weight on bone health of second and third generation offspring. J Dev Orig Health Dis, April 2019, 19(2): 144-153
 24. Robinson DL, [Jiang H](#), Song Q, [Yates C](#), Lee PVS, [Wark JD](#). The application of finite element modelling based on clinical pQCT for classification of fracture status. Biomech Model Mechanobiol, February 2019, 18(1): 245-260
 25. Ziebart C, Asachi JD, Ashe MC, Bleakney RR, Cheung AM, Gibbs JC, Hill KD, Kendler DL, Khan AA, Kim S, McArthur C, Mittman N, Papaioannou A, Prasad S, Scherer SC, Thabane L, [Wark JD](#), Giangregorio LM. Exploring the association between number, severity, location of fracture, and acciput-to-wall distance. Arch Osteoporos, February 2019, 14(1): 27
 26. Subasinghe AK, Garland SM, Gorelik A, Tay I, [Wark JD](#). Using mobile technology to improve bone-related lifestyle risk factors in young women with low bone mineral density: feasibility randomized controlled trial. JMIR Form Res, February 2019, 3(1): e9435
 27. Tiong M, [Yates CJ](#), Toussaint N. Muddying the waters of hyperparathyroidism management in CKD – a Brown tumour in a predialysis patient. Internal Medical Journal 2020 (In Press)
 28. Samuel E, [Chiang C](#), Jennens R, Faulkner D, Francis PA. Fulvestrant falsely elevates oestradiol levels in immunoassays in postmenopausal women with breast cancer. Eur J Cancer. 2020;126:104-5.
 29. Samuel E, [Chiang C](#), Jennens R, Faulkner D, Francis PA. Response to letter commenting on: Fulvestrant falsely elevates oestradiol levels in immunoassays in postmenopausal women with breast cancer. Eur J Cancer. 2020.
- ### Diabetes Clinical Trials
1. [Wentworth JM](#), [Colman PG](#), on behalf of the Zafgen Study Group. The methionine aminopeptidase 2 inhibitor ZGN-1061 improves glucose control and weight in overweight and obese individuals with type 2 diabetes: A randomized, placebo-controlled trial. Diabetes Obes Metab, July 2020, 22(7): 1215-1219
 2. Reutens AT, Jandeleit-Dahm K, Thomas M, Bach LA, [Colman PG](#), Davis TME, D’Emden M, Ekinici EI, Fulcher G, Hamblin PS, Kotowicz MA, Maiclassac RJ, Morbey C, Simmons D, Soldatos G, Wittert G, Wu T, Cooper ME, Shaw JE. A physician-initiated double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled, phase 2 study evaluating the efficacy and safety of inhibition of NADPH oxidase with the first-in-class Nox-1/4 inhibitor, GKT137831, in adults with type 1 diabetes and persistently elevated urinary albumin excretion: protocol and statistical considerations. Contemp Clin Trials, March 2020, e105892
 3. Bakris GL, Agarwal R, Anker SD, Pitt B, Ruilope LM, Nowack C, Kolkhof P, Ferreira AC, Schloemer P, Filippatos G, on behalf of the FIDELIO-DKD study investigators (including [Furlanos S](#), [Colman PG](#) and [Nankervis A](#)). Design and baseline characteristics of the Finerenone in reducing kidney failure and disease progression in diabetic kidney disease trial. Am J Nephrol, October 2019, 50(5): 333-344
 4. Ruilope LM, Agarwal R, Anker SD, Bakris GL, Filippatos G, Nowack C, Kolkhof P, Joseph A, Mentenich N, Pitt B, on behalf of the FIGARO-DKD study investigators (including [Colman PG](#), [Furlanos S](#) and [Nankervis A](#)). Design and baseline characteristics of the Finerenone in reducing cardiovascular mortality and morbidity in diabetic kidney disease trial. Am J Nephrol, October 2019, 50(5): 345-356
 5. Rosenstock J, Kahn SE, Johansen OE, Zinman B, Espeland MA, Woerle HJ, Pfarr E, Keller A, Mattheus M, Baanstra D, Meinicke T, George JT, von Eynatten M, McGuire DK, Marx N, for the CAROLINA Investigators (including [Colman PG](#)). Effect of Linagliptin vs Glimepiride on major adverse cardiovascular outcomes in patients with Type 2 Diabetes: The CAROLINA randomized clinical trial. JAMA, September 2019, 322(12): 1155-1166
 6. Gerstein HC, Colhoun HM, Dagenais GR, Diaz R, Lakshmanan M, Pais P, on behalf of the REWIND Investigators (including [Colman PG](#)). Dulaglutide and cardiovascular outcomes in type 2 diabetes (REWIND): a double-blind, randomised placebo-controlled trial. Lancet, July 2019, 394(10193): 121-130
 7. Gerstein HC, Colhoun HM, Dagenais GR, Diaz R, Lakshmanan M, Pais P, on behalf of the REWIND Investigators (including [Colman PG](#)). Dulaglutide and renal outcomes in type 2 diabetes: an exploratory analysis of the REWIND randomised, placebo-controlled trial. Lancet, July 2019, 394(10193): 131-138
- ### Diabetes in the Hospital
1. [Furlanos S](#), [Barmanray R](#), [Kyi M](#). Routine glucose assessment in the emergency department for detecting unrecognised diabetes: a cluster randomised trial. Letter to the Editor, M J Aust, July 2020, 95-95
 2. Hamblin PS, Wong R, Ekinici EI, [Furlanos S](#), Shah S, Jones AR, Hare MJL, Calder GL, Epa DS, George EM, Giri R, Kotowicz MA, Kyi M, Lafontaine N, Maclsaac RJ, Nolan BJ, O’Neal DN, Renouf D, Varadarajan S, Wong J, Xu S, Bach LA. SGLT2 inhibitors increase the risk of diabetic ketoacidosis developing in the community and during hospital admission. J Clin Endocrinol Metab, August 2019, 104(8): 3077-3087
 3. [Kyi M](#), [Colman PG](#), [Rowan LM](#), [Marley KA](#), [Wraight PR](#), [Furlanos S](#). Glucometric benchmarking in an Australian hospital enabled by networked glucose meter technology. Med J Aust, July 2019, 211(4): 175-180
 4. [Kyi M](#), [Colman PG](#), [Wraight PR](#), Reid J, Gorelik A, Galligan A, Kumar S, [Rowan LM](#), [Marley KA](#), [Nankervis AJ](#), [Russell DM](#), [Furlanos S](#). Early intervention for diabetes in medical and surgical inpatients decreases hyperglycemia and hospital-acquired infections: A cluster randomized trial. Diabetes Care, May 2019, 42(5): 832-840

5. Qian SJ, Parlapiano C, Marley KA, Kyi M, Fourlanos S, Rosenthal M, Colman PG. Acute dysglycaemia in patients hospitalised with cancer. *Annals of Diabetes Research*, March 2019, 3(1): Open Access Article 1010
6. Wang R, Colman PG, Kyi M, Russell N, Fourlanos S. Longitudinal prevalence of inpatient diabetes mellitus in an Australian hospital across five decades: 1972 to 2019. *Int Med Journal* 2020 (in press).
7. Barmanray RD, Rowan LM, Tsan J, Dodds AE, Long K, Heinjus D, Kyi M, Fourlanos S. Nursing perceptions of the importance of blood glucose monitoring in hospital wards. *British Journal of Healthcare Management*, June 2020, 162-167
8. Kyi M, Gorelik A, Reed J, Rowan LM, Wraight PR, Colman PG, Fourlanos S. A clinical prediction tool to identify adults with type 2 diabetes at risk for persistent adverse glycemia in hospital. *Can J Diabetes*, June 2020, S1499-2671(20)30179-9. doi: 10.1016/j.cjcd.2020.06.006
3. Rasmussen B, Nankervis A, Skouteris A, McNamara C, Nagle C, Steele C, Bruce L, Holton S, Wynter K. Factors associated with breastfeeding to 3 months postpartum among women with type 1 and type 2 diabetes mellitus: An exploratory study. *Women Birth*, May 2020, 33(3): e274-e279
4. Wan CS, Teede H, Nankervis A, Aroni R. Ethnic differences in dietary management of gestational diabetes mellitus: A mixed methods study comparing ethnic Chinese immigrants and Australian women. *J Acad Nutr Diet*, January 2020, 120(1): 86-102
5. Rasmussen B, Nankervis A, Skouteris H, McNamara C, Nagle C, Steele C, Bruce L, Holton S, Wynter K. Psychosocial wellbeing among new mothers with diabetes: Exploratory analysis of the postnatal wellbeing in transition questionnaire. *Sex Reprod Healthc*, December 2019, 22: e100457
6. Wan CS, Abell S, Aroni R, Nankervis A, Boyle J, Teede H. Ethnic differences in prevalence, risk factors, and perinatal outcomes of gestational diabetes mellitus: A comparison between immigrant ethnic Chinese women and Australian-born Caucasian women in Australia. *J Diabetes*, October 2019, 11(10): 809-817

Diabetes in Pregnancy

1. Subasinghe AK, Nankervis AJ, Boyle JA, Mazza D. Optimising the implementation of guidelines for the post partum testing and management of gestational diabetes in South Asian women in Australia. *Med J Aust*, August 2020, 213(4): 189-189.e1
2. Kelly CB, Wagner CL, Shary JR, Leyva MJ, Yu JY, Jenkins AJ, Nankervis AJ, Hanssen KF, Garg SK, Scardo JA, Hammad SM, Aston CE, Lyons TJ. Vitamin D metabolites and binding protein predict preeclampsia in women with type 1 diabetes. *Nutrients*, July 2020, 12(7): 2048
7. Dixon BR, Nankervis A, Hopkins SC, Cade TJ. Pregnancy outcomes among women with type 1 diabetes mellitus using continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion versus multiple daily injections: A retrospective cohort study. *Obstet Med*, September 2019, 12(3): 136-142
8. Wan CS, Nankervis A, Teede H, Aroni R. Dietary intervention strategies for ethnic Chinese women with gestational diabetes: A systematic review and meta-analysis. *Nutr Diet*, April 2019, 76(2): 211-232

Diabetes – Type 1 Immunology

1. Penno MAS, Oakey H, Augustine P, Taranto M, Barry SC, Colman PG, Craig ME, Davis EA, Giles LC, Harris M, Haynes A, McGorm K, Morahan G, Morbey C, Rawlinson WD, Sinnott RO, Soldatos G, Thomson RL, Vuillermin PJ, Wentworth JM, Harrison LC, Couper JJ. Changes in pancreatic exocrine function in young at-risk children followed to islet autoimmunity and type 1 diabetes in the ENDIA study. *Pediatric Diabetes*, September 2020, 21(6):945-949
2. White M, O'Connell MA, Colman PG, Cameron FJ. Successful post-transition engagement can be predicted at the time of transition in type 1 diabetes. Letter to the Editor, *Diabetes Res Clin Pract*, May 2020, e108023, 163
3. Jacobsen LM, Bocchino L, Evans-Molina C, MiMeglio L, Goland R, Wilson DM, Atkinson MA, Aye T, Russell WE, Wentworth JM, Boulware D, Geyer S, Sosenko JM. The risk of progression to type 1 diabetes is highly variable in individuals with multiple autoantibodies following screening. *Diabetologia*, March 2020, 63(3): 588-596
4. Harbison JE, Roth-Schulze AJ, Giles LC, Tran CD, Ngui KM, Penno MA, Thomson RL, Wentworth JM, Colman PG, Craig ME, Morahan G, Papenfuss AT, Barry SC, Harrison LC, Couper JJ. Gut microbiome dysbiosis and increased intestinal permeability in children with islet autoimmunity and type 1 diabetes: A prospective cohort study. *Pediatric Diabetes*, August 2019, 20(5): 574-583

Diabetes – Type 1 Clinical

5. Vipin VP, Zaidi G, Watson K, Colman PG, Prakash S, Agrawal S, Bhatia V, Dabadghao P, Bhatia E. High prevalence of idiopathic (islet antibody-negative) type 1 diabetes among Indian children and adolescents. *Pediatr Diabetes*, 2020, doi: 10.1111/peidi.13066. Online ahead of print
6. McAuley SA, Lee MH, Paldus B, Vogrin S, de Bock MI, Abraham MB, Bach LA, Burt MG, Cohen ND, Colman PG, Davis EA, Hendrieckx C, Holmes-Walker DJ, Kaye J, Keech AC, Kumareswaran K, Maclsaac RJ, McCallum RW, Sims CM, Speight J, Stranks SN, Sundararajan V, Trawley S, Ward GM, Jenkins AJ, Jones TW, O'Neal DN; Australian JDRF Closed-Loop Research Group. *Diabetes Care*, December 2020, 43(12): 3024-3033
7. Wang J, Bediaga N, Mallone R, Larger E, Harrison LC, Wentworth JM, ImMaDiab Study Group. Validation in the general population of a C-peptide estimate equation to measure beta cell function in recent-onset type 1 diabetes. *Acta Diabetol*, September 2020, doi: 10.1007/s00592-020-01604-7. Online ahead of print
8. Nolan BJ, Varadarajan S, Fourlanos S, Neoh SL. Beware ketoacidosis with SGLT2 inhibitors in Latent Autoimmune Diabetes of the Adult. *Am J Med*, August 2020, 133(8): E422-E424
9. Augustine P, Gent R, Louise J, Taranto M, Penno M, Linke R, Couper JJ, ENDIA Study Group (including Wentworth JM, Colman PG and Harrison LC). Pancreas size and exocrine function is decreased in young children with recent-onset Type 1 diabetes. *Diabet Med*, August 2020, 37(8): 1340-1343

10. Pastor A, [Conn J](#), O'Brien CL, Teng J, Loh M, Collins L, Maclsaac RJ, Bonomo Y. Clinicians feel comfortable discussing alcohol but not illicit drug use with young adults with Type 1 diabetes: a survey of clinicians. *Diabet Med*, June 2020, 37(6): 1076-1078
11. [Wentworth JM](#), Bediaga NG, Gitelman SE, Evans-Molina C, Gottlieb PA, [Colman PG](#), Haller MJ, Harrison LC. Clinical trial data validate the C-peptide estimate model in type 1 diabetes. *Diabetologia*, April 2020, 63(4): 885-886
12. Kim KW, Allen DW, Briese T, Couper JJ, Barry SC, [Colman PG](#), Cotterill AM, Davis EA, Giles LC, Harrison LC, Harris M, Haynes A, Horton JL, Isaacs SR, Jain K, Lipkin WI, McGorm K, Morahan G, Morbey C, Pang ICN, Papenfuss AT, Penno MAS, Sinnott RO, Soldatos G, Thomson RL, Vuillermin P, [Wentworth JM](#), Wilkins MR, Rawlinson WD, Craig ME, on behalf of the ENDIA Study Group. Higher frequency of vertebrate-infecting viruses in the gut of infants born to mothers with type 1 diabetes. *Pediatric Diabetes*, March 2020, 21(2): 271-279
13. [Wentworth JM](#), [Furlanos S](#), [Colman PG](#), Harrison LC. A pilot study of the feasibility of empagliflozin in recent-onset type 1 diabetes. *Metabol Open*, January 2020, 5:100021
14. Herold KC, Bundy BN, Long SA, Bluestone JA, DiMeglio LA, Dufort MJ, Gitelman SE, Gottlieb PA, Krischer JP, Linsley PS, Marks JB, Moore W, Moran A, Rodriguez H, Russell WE, Schatz D, Skyler JS, Tsalikian E, Wherrett DK, Ziegler A-G, Greenbaum CJ, for the Type 1 Diabetes TrialNet Study Group (including [Wentworth JM](#) and [Colman PG](#)). An anti-CD3 antibody, Teplizumab, in relatives at risk for Type 1 Diabetes. *N Engl J Med*, August 2019, 381(7): 603-613
15. Danne T, Garg S, Peters AL, Buse JB, Mathieu C, Pettus JH, Alexander CM, Battelino T, Ampudia-Blasco FJ, Bode BW, Cariou B, Close KL, Dandona P, Dutta S, Ferrannini E, [Furlanos S](#), Grunberger G, Heller SR, Henry RR, Kurian MJ, Kushner JA, Oron T, Parkin CG, Pieber TR, Rodband HW, Schatz D, Skyler JS, Tamborlane WV, Yokote K, Phillip M. International consensus on risk management of diabetic ketoacidosis in patients with Type 1 Diabetes treated with sodium-glucose cotransporter (SGLT) inhibitors. *Diabetes Care*, June 2019, 42(6): 1147-1154
16. Ismail HA, Evans-Molina C, DiMeglio LA, Becker DJ, Libman I, Sims EK, Boulware D, Herold KC, Rafkin L, Skyler J, Cleves MA, Palmer J, Sosenko JM; Type 1 Diabetes Trial Net and Diabetes Prevention Trial-Type-1 (DPT-1) Study Groups (including [Wentworth JM](#) and [Colman PG](#)). Associations of HbA1c with the timing of C-peptide responses during the oral glucose tolerance test at the diagnosis of type 1 diabetes. *Pediatric Diabetes*, June 2019, 20(4): 408-413
17. Haller MJ, Long SA, Blanchfield JL, Schatz DA, Skyler JS, Krischer JP, Bundy BN, Geyer SM, Warnock MV, Miller JL, Atkinson MA, Becker DJ, Baidal DA, DiMeglio LA, Gitelman SE, Goland R, Gottlieb PA, Herold KC, Marks JB, Moran A, Rodriguez H, Russell WE, Wilson DM, Greenbaum CJ, on behalf of the Type 1 Diabetes TrialNet ATG-GCSF Study Group (including [Wentworth JM](#) and [Colman PG](#)). Low-dose anti-thymocyte globulin preserves C-peptide, reduces HbA1c, and increases regulatory to conventional T-cell ratios in new-onset type 1 diabetes: Two-year clinical trial data. *Diabetes*, June 2019, 68(6): 1267-1276
18. Triolo TM, Fouts A, Pyle L, Yu L, Gottlieb PA, Steck AK, Type 1 Diabetes TrialNet Study Group (including [Wentworth JM](#) and [Colman PG](#)). Identical and nonidentical twins: Risk and factors involved in development of islet autoimmunity and Type 1 diabetes. *Diabetes Care*, February 2019, 42(2):192-199
19. Paldus B, Lee MH, Jones HM, McAuley SA, Horsburgh JC, Roem KL, Ward GM, Maclsaac RJ, Cohen N, [Colman PG](#), Jenkins AJ, O'Neal DN. Glucose control using a standard versus an enhanced hybrid closed loop system: A randomized crossover study. *Diabetes Technol Ther*, January 2019, 21(1): 56-58
20. Kim KW, Allen DW, Briese T, Couper JJ, Barry SC, Colman PG, Cotterill AM, Davis EA, Giles LC, Harrison LC, Harris M, Haynes A, Horton JL, Isaacs SR, Jain K, Lipkin WI, Morahan G, Morbey C, Pang ICN, Papenfuss AT, Penno MAS, Sinnott RO, Soldatos G, Thomson RL, Vuillermin PJ, [Wentworth JM](#), Wilkins MR, Rawlinson WD, Craig ME, on behalf of the ENDIA Study Group. Distinct gut virome profile of pregnant women with type 1 diabetes in the ENDIA study. *Open Forum Infect Dis*, January 2019, 6(2): ofz025
21. [Wentworth JM](#), Bediaga NG, Giles LC, Ehlers M, Gitelman SE, Geyer S, Evans-Molina C, Harrison LC, and Type 1 Diabetes TrialNet and Immune Tolerance Network Study Groups. Beta cell function in type 1 diabetes determined from clinical and fasting biochemical parameters. *Diabetologia*, January 2019, 62(10): 33-40
- Adults with diabetes distress often want to talk with their health professionals about it: Findings from an audit of 4 Australian Specialist Diabetes Clinics. *Can J Diabetes*, August 2020, 44(6): 473-480
3. Pastor A, [Conn J](#), Maclsaac RJ, Bonomo Y. Alcohol and illicit drug use in people with diabetes. *Lancet Diabetes Endocrin*, March 2020, 8(3):239-248
4. Harding AL, Bediaga N, Galligan A, [Colman PG](#), [Furlanos S](#), [Wentworth JM](#). Factors that predict glycaemic response to sodium-glucose linked transporter (SGLT) inhibitors. *Intern Med J*, February 2020, doi: 10.1111/imj.14805
5. Xiao H, [Barmanray R](#), Qian S, De Alwis D, Fennessy G. Survival following extreme hypernatraemia associated with severe dehydration and undiagnosed diabetes mellitus. *Case Rep Endocrinol*, December 2019, e Collection 4174259
6. [Barmanray R](#), [Chiang CY](#), Yeoh K, [Yates CJ](#). A case of surreptitious glargine overdose confirmed by insulin pharmacokinetic time curves. *Case Report, J Anal Toxicol*, July 2019, 43(6): e4-e6

Diabetic Foot

1. Corbett C, Jolley J, Barson E, [Wright P](#), Perrin B, Fisher C. Cognition and understanding of neuropathy of inpatients admitted to a specialized tertiary diabetic foot unit with diabetes-related foot ulcers. *Int J Low Extrem Wounds*, September 2019, 18(3): 294-300
2. Parker CN, Van Netten JJ, Parker TJ, Jia L, Corcoran H, Garrett M, Kwok CF, Nather A, Que MT, Srisawasdi G, [Wright PR](#), Lazzarini PA. Differences between national and international guidelines for the management of diabetic foot disease. *Diabetes Metab Res Rev*, February 2019, 35(2): e3101

Diabetes – Type 2 and Miscellaneous

1. Prentice R, Tjandra D, Garg M, Lubel J, [Furlanos S](#), Johnson D, Al-Ani A, Christensen B. ACE2, iBD and COVID-19 – why IBD patients may be at reduced risk for COVID-19. *Aliment Pharmacol Ther*, October 2020, 52(8): 1422-1423
2. Hendrieckx C, Halliday JA, Russell-Green S, Cohen N, [Colman PG](#), Jenkins A, O'Neal D, Speight J.

Pituitary Disease and Neuroendocrine Tumours

1. Shen AJJ, King J, Scott H, Colman PG, Yates CJ. Insights into pituitary tumorigenesis: from Sanger sequencing to next-generation sequencing and beyond. *Expert Review of Endocrinology & Metabolism*, November 2019, 14(6): 399-418
2. Kong G, Schenberg T, Yates CJ, Trainer A, Sachithanandan N, Iravani A, Kumar AR, Hofman MS, Akhurst T, Michael M, Hicks RJ. The role of ⁶⁸Ga-DOTA-Octreotate (GaTate) PET/CT in follow-up of SHD-associated pheochromocytoma and paraganglioma (PPGL). *The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism*, November 2019, 104(11): 5091-5099
3. Bardin M, Ritchie D, McLachlan R, Yates CJ. Acute myeloid leukaemia presenting with diabetes insipidus. *Intern Med J*, June 2019, 49: 785-788

Thyroid

1. Hamblin PS, Sheehan PM, Allan C, Houlihan CA, Lu ZX, Forehan SP, Topliss DJ, Gilfillan C, Krishnamurthy B, Renouf D, Sztal-Mazer S, Varadarajan S. Subclinical hypothyroidism during pregnancy: the Melbourne public hospitals consensus. *Intern Med J*, August 2019, 49(8): 994-1000

2. Cheung Y-M, Van K, Lan L, Barmanray R, Qian SY, Shi WY, Wong JLA, Hamblin PS, Colman PG, Topliss DJ, Denholm JT, Grossmann M. Hypothyroidism associated with therapy for multi-drug resistant tuberculosis in Australia. *Intern Med J*, March 2019, 49(3): 364-372

Other Research Areas

1. Samuel E, Chiang C, Jennens R, Faulkner D, Francis PA. Response to letter commenting on: Fulvestrant falsely elevates oestradiol levels in immunoassays in postmenopausal women with breast cancer. *Eur J Cancer*, September 2020, 136: 206
2. Holper S, Barmanray R, Colman B, Yates CJ, Liew D, Smallwood D. Ambiguous medical abbreviation (AMA) study: challenges and opportunities. *Intern Med J*, September 2020, 50(9): 1073-1078
3. Barmanray R, Hamblin PS. Aspirin for primary cardiovascular disease prevention: time to re-evaluate guidelines? *Intern Med J*, January 2019, 49(1): 133-134
4. De Sousa SMC, Wang PPS, Santoreneos S, Shen A, Yates CJ, Babic M, Eshraghi L, Feng J, Koszyca B, Roberts-Thomson S, Schreiber AW, Topry DJ, Scott HS. The genomic landscape of sporadic prolactinomas. *Endocr Pathol*, December 2019, 30(4): 318-328

Our Contributors

Our research objectives are pursued by a multidisciplinary team of clinicians, scientists, nurses, dietitians and trial coordinators based at the RMH. Through close links with the University of Melbourne we provide opportunities for post-graduate research training in Endocrinology. A highlight in 2020 has been two PhD completions.

Staff

Director
A/Prof Spiros Furlanos

Deputy Director
A/Prof Paul Wraight

Deputy Head - Research
A/Prof John Wentworth

Head of Bone and Mineral Medicine (1992-2020)
Prof John Wark - Emeritus Professor, University of Melbourne

Head of Clinical Research Unit
Prof Peter Colman

Diabetes & Endocrinology Clinical Research Unit
A/Prof Alison Nankervis
A/Prof Chris Yates
A/Prof Cherie Chiang
Marika Bjorasen - Nurse Unit Manager, Clinical Trials
Candice Hall
Vicky Gonzalez
Iris Ribo
Felicity Healy
Leanne Redl
Belinda Moore
Renee Kludas
Samantha Bertram
Batsho Mandlebe

Endocrine Laboratory Scientists
Kelly Watson
Yoon Park

Clinician Researchers

A/Prof Jenny Conn
A/Prof Chris Yates
A/Prof Cherie Chiang
Dr Simon Forehan
Dr Catherine Seymour
Dr Mark Stein
Dr Mark Pace
Dr Mervyn Kyi
Dr Sarah Price
Dr Angeline Shen
Andrea Bramley

University of Melbourne

1. Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) Student Completions

Dr Mervyn Kyi 2019
Dr Sarah Price 2019
Dr Hongyuan Jiang 2020

2. Current PhD Students

Dr Rahul Barmanray
Dr Angeline Shen
Dr Mark Tiong

3. Doctor of Medicine Research Project (MDRP)

Ellie Phillips 2020

Collaborative Partnerships

We remain committed to expanding our collaborative research network.

Our collaborative partners are listed as follows:

Parkville Biomedical Precinct

- RMH Department of General Medicine
- RMH Department of Nephrology
- RMH Department of Biochemistry
- RMH Department of Genetics
- RMH Department of Cardiology
- RMH Department of Gastroenterology

- RMH Department of Neurosurgery
- RMH Department of Vascular Surgery
- RMH Department of Orthopaedic Surgery
- Victorian Infectious Diseases Service
- Peter Doherty Institute
- University of Melbourne
- Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research
- Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre
- Royal Women's Hospital

State

- Royal Children's Hospital
- St Vincent's Hospital
- Austin Hospital
- Western Hospital
- Northern Hospital
- Mercy Maternity Hospital
- Monash University

National

- Australian Diabetes Society
- Endocrine Society of Australia
- Women's and Children's Hospital Adelaide
- Australian Centre for Behavioural Research in Diabetes
- Juvenile Diabetes Foundation

International

- Type 1 Diabetes TrialNet, USA
- Advanced Technologies and Treatment for Diabetes Society, USA
- Sanjay Gandhi Postgraduate Institute of Medical Sciences, India
- University of Waterloo, Canada
- Astra Zeneca
- Novo Nordisk
- Amgen
- Pfizer
- Ipsen

Funding Sources

The generous support of funding bodies and our philanthropic partners remains pivotal to our research.

Grants

Fourlanos S.
Rowe Family Foundation Perpetual Grant (2020-21)

Kyi M.
Royal Melbourne Hospital Grant-in-Aid (2020)

Barmanray R.
University of Melbourne PhD Research Training Program Scholarship (2019-2021)

Yates CJ.
Pfizer. Optimizing DYnamic StudieS in EndocrinologY (ODYSSEY) (2019)

Yates CJ.
Ipsen. The Identification and Management of Adult Growth hormone INSufficiEncy (IMAGINE) (2019)

Donors

We would like to acknowledge the many generous philanthropic donations to the RMH Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology. A special thank you to some of the most generous donors (\$1000 or more):

Lilla Officer and the Officer Family
Andreas Andrianopoulos
Monteleone Family in memory of Maria Monteleone
Michelle Coillet
Cahn Phun Lau
Andrew Valneris and Family
Susan Alberti AC
Beng and Joyce Chew
Diana Perry
Noel Arnold

Your generous support has been instrumental in making the RMH Department of Endocrinology one of the premier departments in Australia.

Future Research Directions

We are committed to expanding our research program in the three major endocrine pillars of diabetes, bone-mineral and pituitary disorders.

Over the next 5 years we intend to prioritise research in the following areas:

Diabetes & Bariatric Medicine

- Type 1 diabetes – immunotherapy to restore and preserve pancreas function
- Type 1 diabetes – medical device technologies
- Type 1 diabetes – early diagnosis and treatment
- Type 2 diabetes – new drug therapies and precision treatment
- Type 2 diabetes – early diagnosis and treatment
- Type 1.5 diabetes/adult-onset type 1 diabetes – outcomes and precision treatment
- Newly-diagnosed diabetes – aiming for remission
- Diabetic foot – evaluating lower limb amputation rates in the COVID-19 pandemic
- Diabetic foot – cognitive and psychological functioning in people with diabetes-related foot complications

- Diabetes in the hospital - improving the acute care and outcomes for people with diabetes admitted to hospital

- Diabetes in the community - improving the chronic care and rapid access for treatment of diabetes exacerbations

- Diabetes in the community - diabetes and mental health

- The role of Diabetes and Obesity in the pathogenesis of Cancer, including Pancreatic Cancer

- The role of Diabetes and Obesity in the pathogenesis of Dementia

Bone & Mineral Medicine

- Osteoporosis treatments
- Clinical role of finite element modelling of bone strength
- Online model of learning in bone health and osteoporosis

Pituitary disorders

- Pituitary tumour treatments

Acknowledgements

We would like to thank Dr Adamandia Kriketos and The RMH Foundation for assistance with preparing the research report.



1. Department of Diabetes and Endocrinology

The Royal Melbourne Hospital – City Campus (4 West)
300 Grattan Street, Parkville VIC 3050

P +61 9342 7365

E: diabetesendo@RMH.org.au

W: www.thermh.org.au/health-professionals/clinical-services/diabetes-endocrinology

2. The Royal Melbourne Hospital Foundation

Jane Bell House, Level 4,
10 Wreckyn Street, North Melbourne VIC 3051

P +61 9342 7111

E: Info@RMHFoundation.org.au

W: TheRMH.org.au/Support-Us

This material cannot be reproduced without the written permission of The Royal Melbourne Hospital Foundation.

Melbourne Health ABN 73 802 706 972



**The Royal
Melbourne Hospital
Foundation**